A bill for an act

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relating to public safety; appropriating money for public safety, corrections, and other criminal justice agencies; requiring annual appropriation of money in Bureau of Criminal Apprehension account to commissioner of public safety; repealing the mandatory minimum sentences for predatory offender registration offenses and subsequent controlled substances offenses; providing a 90-day cap on incarceration for certain first-time supervised release violations; eliminating the requirement that judges impose a minimum sentence on felony DWI offenders; requesting the Sentencing Guidelines Commission to rerank the felony DWI offense; providing for supervised release of offenders; expanding the challenge incarceration program; requiring the Sentencing Guidelines Commission and the Departments of Corrections and Public Safety to review its reports; requiring Department of Corrections to annually report on felony DWI offenders; requiring that reports to the legislature by criminal justice agencies be submitted electronically; modifying and expanding the conditional release program for nonviolent drug offenders; including an advisory board for consultation with the commissioner of corrections for the conditional release program; repealing the conditional release program's sunset; authorizing correctional facilities to forward surcharges from offender wages to court or other entity collecting the surcharge; repealing reports on out-of-state juvenile placement; implementing the legislative auditor's recommendations relating to MINNCOR; requiring the licensure of firefighters; expanding the stay of adjudication provision for low-level controlled substance offenders; imposing criminal penalties; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 3.195, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 152.021, subdivision 3; 152.022, subdivision 3; 152.023, subdivision 3; 152.024, subdivision 3; 152.025, subdivision 3; 152.18, subdivision 1; 169A.275, subdivisions 3, 4, 5; 169A.276, subdivisions 1, 2; 171.29, subdivision 2; 241.27, subdivision 1a, by adding subdivisions; 243.166, subdivision 5; 244.055, subdivisions 2, 3, 5, 7, by adding subdivisions; 244.17; 244.172, subdivision 1; 299N.02, subdivision 3; 357.021, subdivision 6; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 244; 299N; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 152.026; 244.055, subdivisions 6, 11; 260B.199, subdivision 2; 260B.201, subdivision 3; 325E.22.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

2.1 2.2		A	ARTICLE 1 PPROPRIATION	S	
2.3	Section 1. SUMMARY	OF APPR	OPRIATIONS.		
2.4	The amounts showr			rect appropriations,	by fund, made
2.5	in this article.			11 1	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
2.6			<u>2010</u>	2011	Total
2.7	General	<u>\$</u>	505,980,000 \$	535,988,000 \$	1,041,968,000
2.8 2.9	State Government Special Revenue		66,573,000	70,336,000	136,909,000
2.10	Environmental Fund		69,000	69,000	138,000
2.11	Special Revenue Fund		13,818,000	13,818,000	27,636,000
2.12	Trunk Highway		373,000	373,000	746,000
2.13	Federal		30,000,000	<u>0</u>	30,000,000
2.14	<u>Total</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>616,813,000</u> \$	<u>620,584,000</u> <u>\$</u>	1,237,397,000
2.152.16	Sec. 2. <u>PUBLIC SAFE?</u> The sums shown in			oriations" are appro	priated to the
2.17	agencies and for the purp				_
2.18	general fund, or another i	-			
2.19	for each purpose. The fig		•		
2.20	appropriations listed unde				
2.21	June 30, 2011, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2010. "The second year" is fiscal				
2.22	year 2011. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2010 and 2011. Appropriations for the fiscal				
2.23	year ending June 30, 2009	9, are effec	ctive the day follow	ving final enactment	<u></u>
2.24 2.25 2.26 2.27				APPROPRIATE Available for the Ending June 2010	he Year
2.28	Sec. 3. PUBLIC SAFE	ΓY			
2.29	Subdivision 1. Total App	<u>oropriatio</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>155,206,000</u> \$	<u>158,969,000</u>
2.30	Appropriati	ions by Fu	<u>ınd</u>		
2.31		<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>		
2.32	General	79,288,000	<u>79,288,000</u>		
2.33	Special Revenue	8,903,000	<u>8,903,000</u>		
2.34	State Government	((572 00	0 70 227 000		
2.35		66,573,000			
2.36	Environmental Trunk Highway	69,000 373,000	<u> </u>		
2.37	Trunk Highway	3/3,000	<u>5/5,000</u>		

3.1	The amounts that may be spent for each		
3.2	purpose are specified in the following		
3.3	subdivisions.		
3.4	Car Fleet. By January 1, 2010, the		
3.5	commissioner must reduce the department's		
3.6	fleet of cars by 20 percent.		
3.7	Prohibition on Use of Appropriation. No		
3.8	portion of this appropriation may be used		
3.9	for: (1) computer, telephone, motor vehicle,		
3.10	or technology purchases or upgrades, or for		
3.11	new leases on those items; or (2) out-of-state		
3.12	travel that is not directly connected with and		
3.13	necessary to carry out the core functions		
3.14	of the department. Notwithstanding this		
3.15	paragraph: (i) an existing lease on an item		
3.16	described in clause (1) may be renewed;		
3.17	(ii) an item described in clause (1) may be		
3.18	purchased, upgraded, or leased if doing so		
3.19	will save money over the long term; and		
3.20	(iii) an existing phone or computer may be		
3.21	replaced if it is no longer operational.		
3.22	Changes in Personnel Policies. The		
3.23	commissioner shall consider discontinuing		
3.24	the practice of entering into agreements with		
3.25	the Office of the Governor to pay personnel		
3.26	costs of policy advisors to the governor.		
3.27	Subd. 2. Emergency Management	<u>2,413,000</u>	2,413,000
3.28	Appropriations by Fund		
3.29	<u>General</u> <u>2,344,000</u> <u>2,344,000</u>		
3.30	<u>Environmental</u> <u>69,000</u> <u>69,000</u>		
3.31	Subd. 3. Criminal Apprehension	41,041,000	41,041,000
3.32	Appropriations by Fund		
3.33	<u>General</u> <u>40,661,000</u> <u>40,661,000</u>		

4.1 4.2	State Government Special Revenue	7,000	7,000		
4.3	Trunk Highway	373,000	373,000		
4.4	Subd. 4. Fire Marshal			8,500,000	8,500,000
4.5	This appropriation is fro	m the fire safety			
4.6	account in the special rev	venue fund.			
4.7	Of this amount, \$5,732,0	000 each year is t	<u>for</u>		
4.8	activities under Minneso	ta Statutes, section	<u>on</u>		
4.9	299F.012, and \$2,768,00	0 each year is fo	<u>or</u>		
4.10	transfer to the general fu	nd under Minnes	<u>sota</u>		
4.11	Statutes, section 297I.06	, subdivision 3.			
4.12	Subd. 5. Alcohol and G	ambling Enforc	<u>ement</u>	2,470,000	2,470,000
4.13	<u>Appropriat</u>	tions by Fund			
4.14	General	1,567,000	1,567,000		
4.15	Special Revenue	903,000	903,000		
4.16	This appropriation is fro	m the alcohol			
4.17	enforcement account in t	the special reven	<u>ue</u>		
4.18	fund. Of this appropriati	on, \$750,000 ead	<u>ch</u>		
4.19	year shall be transferred	to the general fu	<u>nd.</u>		
4.20	The transfer amount for the tr	fiscal year 2012	and _		
4.21	fiscal year 2013 shall be	\$500,000 per year	ar.		
4.22	Subd. 6. Office of Justic	ce Programs		34,812,000	34,812,000
4.23	Appropriat	tions by Fund			
4.24	General	34,716,000	34,716,000		
4.25 4.26	State Government Special Revenue	96,000	96,000		
4.27	Administration Costs.	Up to 2.5 percen	<u>t</u>		
4.28	of the grant money appre	opriated in this			
4.29	subdivision may be used	to administer th	<u>e</u>		
4.30	grant program.				
4.31	Prorated Base Cut. The	e commissioner s	<u>hall</u>		
4.32	prorate the base cut to th	e Office of Justic	<u>ce</u>		
4.33	programs among the var	ious programs ar	<u>nd</u>		
4.34	grants funded by the offi	ce based on their	<u>r</u>		
4.35	current portion of the off	ice's base budget	<u>.</u>		

Federal Stimulus Money. The Office		
of Justice programs shall give priority to		
awarding grants for federal stimulus money		
to the following activities and programs:		
(1) organizations that provide mentoring		
grants for children of incarcerated parents;		
(2) youth intervention programs, as defined		
under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.73,		
with an emphasis on those programs that		
provide early intervention youth services to		
children in their communities;		
(3) re-entry programs for offenders,		
including the nonprofit organization selected		
to administer the demonstration project for		
high risk adults under Laws 2007, chapter		
54, article 1, section 19; and		
(4) restorative justice programs.		
For purposes of this subdivision, "federal		
stimulus money" means money provided to		
the state under the American Recovery and		
Reinvestment Act of 2009.		
Subd. 7. 911 Emergency Communication Network	66,470,000	70,233,000
This appropriation is from the state		
government special revenue fund for 911		
emergency telecommunications services.		
Public Safety Answering Points.		
\$13,664,000 each year is to be distributed		
as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section		
403.113, subdivision 2.		
Medical Resource Communication		
Centers. \$683,000 each year is for grants		
to the Minnesota Emergency Medical		
Services Regulatory Board for the Metro		
	of Justice programs shall give priority to awarding grants for federal stimulus money to the following activities and programs: (1) organizations that provide mentoring grants for children of incarcerated parents; (2) youth intervention programs, as defined under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.73, with an emphasis on those programs that provide early intervention youth services to children in their communities; (3) re-entry programs for offenders, including the nonprofit organization selected to administer the demonstration project for high risk adults under Laws 2007, chapter 54, article 1, section 19; and (4) restorative justice programs. For purposes of this subdivision, "federal stimulus money" means money provided to the state under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. Subd. 7. 911 Emergency Communication Network This appropriation is from the state government special revenue fund for 911 emergency telecommunications services. Public Safety Answering Points. \$13,664,000 each year is to be distributed as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 403.113, subdivision 2. Medical Resource Communication Centers. \$683,000 each year is for grants to the Minnesota Emergency Medical	of Justice programs shall give priority to awarding grants for federal stimulus money to the following activities and programs: (1) organizations that provide mentoring grants for children of incarcerated parents; (2) youth intervention programs, as defined under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.73, with an emphasis on those programs that provide early intervention youth services to children in their communities; (3) re-entry programs for offenders, including the nonprofit organization selected to administer the demonstration project for high risk adults under Laws 2007, chapter 54, article 1, section 19; and (4) restorative justice programs. For purposes of this subdivision, "federal stimulus money" means money provided to the state under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. Subd. 7. 911 Emergency Communication Network 66,470,000 This appropriation is from the state government special revenue fund for 911 emergency telecommunications services. Public Safety Answering Points. \$13,664,000 each year is to be distributed as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 403.113, subdivision 2. Medical Resource Communication Centers. \$683,000 each year is for grants to the Minnesota Emergency Medical

6.1	East and Metro West Medical Resource
6.2	Communication Centers that were in
6.3	operation before January 1, 2000.
6.4	ARMER Debt Service. \$17,557,000 the
6.5	first year and \$23,261,000 the second year
6.6	are to the commissioner of finance to pay
6.7	debt service on revenue bonds issued under
6.8	Minnesota Statutes, section 403.275.
6.9	Any portion of this appropriation not needed
6.10	to pay debt service in a fiscal year may be
6.11	used by the commissioner of public safety to
6.12	pay cash for any of the capital improvements
6.13	for which bond proceeds were appropriated
6.14	by Laws 2005, chapter 136, article 1, section
6.15	9, subdivision 8; or Laws 2007, chapter 54,
6.16	article 1, section 10, subdivision 8.
6.17	Metropolitan Council Debt Service.
6.18	\$1,410,000 each year is to the commissioner
6.19	of finance for payment to the Metropolitan
6.20	Council for debt service on bonds issued
6.21	under Minnesota Statutes, section 403.27.
6.22	ARMER State Backbone Operating Costs.
6.23	\$5,060,000 each year is to the commissioner
6.24	of transportation for costs of maintaining
6.25	and operating the statewide radio system
6.26	backbone.
6.27	ARMER Improvements. \$1,000,000 each
6.28	year is for the Statewide Radio Board for
6.29	costs of design, construction, maintenance
6.30	of, and improvements to those elements
6.31	of the statewide public safety radio and
6.32	communication system that support mutual
6.33	aid communications and emergency medical
6.34	corrigon or provide enhancement of public
	services or provide enhancement of public

7.1	Grants to Local Government. \$5,000,000			
7.2	the first year is for grants to local units of			
7.3	government to assist with the transition to			
7.4	the ARMER system. This appropriation is			
7.5	available until June 30, 2012.			
7.6	Next Generation 911. \$3,431,000 the first			
7.7	year and \$6,490,000 the second year are			
7.8	to replace the current system with the Next			
7.9	Generation Internet Protocol (IP) based			
7.10	network. The base for fiscal year 2012 shall			
7.11	be \$2,965,000 and for fiscal year 2013 shall			
7.12	be zero.			
7.13 7.14	Sec. 4. PEACE OFFICER STANDARDS AN TRAINING BOARD (POST)	<u>ND</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>4,025,000</u> <u>\$</u>	4,025,000
7.15	Excess Amounts Transferred. This			
7.16	appropriation is from the peace officer			
7.17	training account in the special revenue fund.			
7.18	Any receipts credited to that account in the			
7.19	first year in excess of \$4,025,000 must be			
7.20	transferred and credited to the general fund.			
7.21	Any receipts credited to that account in the			
7.22	second year in excess of \$4,025,000 must be			
7.23	transferred and credited to the general fund.			
7.24	Peace Officer Training Reimbursements.			
7.25	\$2,856,000 each year is for reimbursements			
7.26	to local governments for peace officer			
7.27	training costs.			
7.28	Prohibition on Use of Appropriation. No			
7.29	portion of this appropriation may be used			
7.30	for: (1) computer, telephone, motor vehicle,			
7.31	or technology purchases or upgrades, or for			
7.32	new leases on those items; or (2) out-of-state			
7.33	travel that is not directly connected with and			
7.34	necessary to carry out the core functions of			
7.35	the board. Notwithstanding this paragraph:			

8.1	(i) an existing lease on an item described			
8.2	in clause (1) may be renewed; (ii) an item			
8.3	described in clause (1) may be purchased,			
8.4	upgraded, or leased if doing so will save			
8.5	money over the long term; and (iii) an			
8.6	existing phone or computer may be replaced			
8.7	if it is no longer operational.			
8.8	Sec. 5. PRIVATE DETECTIVE BOARD	<u>\$</u>	<u>123,000</u> §	123,000
8.9	Prohibition on Use of Appropriation. No			
8.10	portion of this appropriation may be used			
8.11	for: (1) computer, telephone, motor vehicle,			
8.12	or technology purchases or upgrades, or for			
8.13	new leases on those items; or (2) out-of-state			
8.14	travel that is not directly connected with and			
8.15	necessary to carry out the core functions of			
8.16	the board. Notwithstanding this paragraph:			
8.17	(i) an existing lease on an item described			
8.18	in clause (1) may be renewed; (ii) an item			
8.19	described in clause (1) may be purchased,			
8.20	upgraded, or leased if doing so will save			
8.21	money over the long term; and (iii) an			
8.22	existing phone or computer may be replaced			
8.23	if it is no longer operational.			
8.24	Sec. 6. <u>HUMAN RIGHTS</u>	<u>\$</u>	3,334,000 \$	3,334,000
8.25	Prohibition on Use of Appropriation. No			
8.26	portion of this appropriation may be used			
8.27	for: (1) computer, telephone, motor vehicle,			
8.28	or technology purchases or upgrades, or for			
8.29	new leases on those items; or (2) out-of-state			
8.30	travel that is not directly connected with and			
8.31	necessary to carry out the core functions			
8.32	of the department. Notwithstanding this			
8.33	paragraph: (i) an existing lease on an item			
8.34	described in clause (1) may be renewed;			

9.1	(ii) an item described in clause (1) may be
9.2	purchased, upgraded, or leased if doing so
9.3	will save money over the long term; and
9.4	(iii) an existing phone or computer may be
9.5	replaced if it is no longer operational.
0.6	Soc. 7. DEDADTMENT OF CODDECTIONS
9.6	Sec. 7. <u>DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS</u>
9.7	<u>Subdivision 1.</u> <u>Total Appropriation</u> <u>\$ 453,550,000 \$ 453,558,000</u>
9.8	Appropriations by Fund
9.9	<u>2010</u> <u>2011</u>
9.10	General 422,660,000 452,668,000
9.11	<u>Special Revenue</u> <u>890,000</u> <u>890,000</u>
9.12	<u>Federal</u> <u>30,000,000</u> <u>0</u>
9.13	The amounts that may be spent for each
9.14	purpose are specified in the following
9.15	subdivisions.
9.16	Car Fleet. By January 1, 2010, the
9.17	commissioner must reduce the department's
9.18	fleet of cars by 20 percent.
9.19	Staff Consolidation; Changes in Personnel
9.20	Policies. (a) The commissioner shall
9.21	consider consolidating staff from correctional
9.22	institutions in geographical proximity to
9.23	each other to achieve efficiencies and cost
9.24	savings. Staff considered for consolidation
9.25	must include wardens, deputy wardens, and
9.26	human resources, technology, and employee
9.27	development personnel.
9.28	(b) The commissioner shall consider
9.29	consolidating the department's human
9.30	resources, technology, and employee
9.31	development functions in a centralized
9.32	location.
9.33	(c) The commissioner shall consider
9.34	discontinuing the department's practice of

10.1	annually assigning a warden to serve as		
10.2	a legislative liaison during the legislative		
10.3	session.		
10.4	(d) The commissioner shall consider		
10.5	discontinuing the practice of entering into		
10.6	agreements with the Office of the Governor		
10.7	to pay personnel costs of policy advisors to		
10.8	the governor.		
10.9	Prohibition on Use of Appropriation. No		
10.10	portion of this appropriation may be used		
10.11	for: (1) computer, telephone, motor vehicle,		
10.12	or technology purchases or upgrades, or for		
10.13	new leases on those items; or (2) out-of-state		
10.14	travel that is not directly connected with and		
10.15	necessary to carry out the core functions		
10.16	of the department. Notwithstanding this		
10.17	paragraph: (i) an existing lease on an item		
10.18	described in clause (1) may be renewed;		
10.19	(ii) an item described in clause (1) may be		
10.20	purchased, upgraded, or leased if doing so		
10.21	will save money over the long term; and		
10.22	(iii) an existing phone or computer may be		
10.23	replaced if it is no longer operational.		
10.24	Reductions to Certain Programming		
10.25	Prohibited. When allocating reductions		
10.26	in services and programming under this		
10.27	appropriation, the commissioner may not		
10.28	make reductions to inmate educational		
10.29	programs, chemical dependency programs,		
10.30	or reentry programs.		
10.31	Subd. 2. Correctional Institutions	323,747,000	323,755,000
10.32	Appropriations by Fund		
10.33	<u>General</u> <u>293,167,000</u> <u>323,175,000</u>		
10.34	<u>Special Revenue</u> <u>580,000</u> <u>580,000</u>		
10.35	<u>Federal</u> <u>30,000,000</u> <u>0</u>		

11.1	Federal Stimulus Money. \$30,000,000		
11.2	the first year is from the fiscal stabilization		
11.3	account in the federal fund. This is a onetime		
11.4	appropriation. The general fund base for this		
11.5	program is \$311,463,000 in fiscal year 2012		
11.6	and \$315,962,000 in fiscal year 2013.		
11.7	Transfer. Notwithstanding Minnesota		
11.8	Statutes, section 241.27, the commissioner of		
11.9	finance shall transfer \$1,000,000 each year in		
11.10	fiscal year 2010 and fiscal year 2011 from the		
11.11	Minnesota Correctional Industries revolving		
11.12	fund to the general fund.		
11.13	Subd. 3. Community Services	107,984,000	107,984,000
11.14	Appropriations by Fund		
11.15	<u>General</u> <u>107,884,000</u> <u>107,884,000</u>		
11.16	<u>Special Revenue</u> <u>100,000</u> <u>100,000</u>		
11.17	Short-Term Offenders. \$1,607,000 each		
11.18	year is for the costs associated with the		
11.19	housing and care of short-term offenders.		
11.20	The commissioner may use up to 20 percent		
11.21	of the total amount of the appropriation		
11.22	for inpatient medical care for short-term		
11.23	offenders. The amount remaining at the end		
11.24	of the fiscal year not expended for inpatient		
11.25	medical care must be added to and distributed		
11.26	with the housing money. The housing money		
11.27	must be distributed proportionately based on		
11.28	the total number of days short-term offenders		
11.29	are placed locally, not to exceed \$55 per day.		
11.30	The commissioner of corrections is exempt		
11.31	from the state contracting process for the		
11.32	purposes of paying short-term offender		
11.33	costs relating to Minnesota Statutes, section		
11.34	<u>609.105.</u>		

12.1	Prorated Base Cut. The commissioner		
12.2	shall prorate the general fund base reduction		
12.3	of \$14,320,000 to community services		
12.4	among the Community Corrections Act		
12.5	subsidy, county probation reimbursements,		
12.6	and Department of Corrections supervision		
12.7	services based on their current portion of the		
12.8	division's base budget.		
12.9	Subd. 4. Operations Support	21,819,000	21,819,000
12.10	Appropriations by Fund		
12.11	<u>General</u> <u>21,609,000</u> <u>21,609,000</u>		
12.12	<u>Special Revenue</u> <u>210,000</u> <u>210,000</u>		
12.13	Sec. 8. <u>SENTENCING GUIDELINES</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>575,000</u> <u>\$</u>	575,000
12.14	Prohibition on Use of Appropriation. No		
12.15	portion of this appropriation may be used		
12.16	for: (1) computer, telephone, motor vehicle,		
12.17	or technology purchases or upgrades, or for		
12.18	new leases on those items; or (2) out-of-state		
12.19	travel that is not directly connected with and		
12.20	necessary to carry out the core functions		
12.21	of the commission. Notwithstanding this		
12.22	paragraph, an existing lease on an item		
12.23	described in clause (1) may be renewed.		
12.24	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 171.29, section 171.29	ubdivision 2, is amende	ed to read:
12.25	Subd. 2. Reinstatement fees and surcharges a	allocated and appropr	riated. (a)
12.26	An individual whose driver's license has been revoke	d as provided in subdiv	vision 1,
12.27	except under section 169A.52, 169A.54, or 609.21, m	ust pay a \$30 fee befor	e the driver's
12.28	license is reinstated.		
12.29	(b) A person whose driver's license has been rev	oked as provided in su	ıbdivision 1
12.30	under section 169A.52, 169A.54, or 609.21, must pay	a \$250 fee plus a \$430	0 surcharge
12.31	before the driver's license is reinstated, except as prov	vided in paragraph (f).	The \$250
12.32	fee is to be credited as follows:		
12.33	(1) Twenty percent must be credited to the drive	er services operating ac	count in the
12.34	special revenue fund as specified in section 299A.705	,) <u>.</u>	

(2) Sixty-seven percent must be credited to the general fund.

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- (3) Eight percent must be credited to a separate account to be known as the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension account. Money in this account may be is annually appropriated to the commissioner of public safety and the appropriated amount must be apportioned 80 percent for laboratory costs and 20 percent for carrying out the provisions of section 299C.065.
- (4) Five percent must be credited to a separate account to be known as the vehicle forfeiture account, which is created in the special revenue fund. The money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner for costs of handling vehicle forfeitures.
- (c) The revenue from \$50 of the surcharge must be credited to a separate account to be known as the traumatic brain injury and spinal cord injury account. The revenue from \$50 of the surcharge on a reinstatement under paragraph (f) is credited from the first installment payment to the traumatic brain injury and spinal cord injury account. The money in the account is annually appropriated to the commissioner of health to be used as follows: 83 percent for contracts with a qualified community-based organization to provide information, resources, and support to assist persons with traumatic brain injury and their families to access services, and 17 percent to maintain the traumatic brain injury and spinal cord injury registry created in section 144.662. For the purposes of this paragraph, a "qualified community-based organization" is a private, not-for-profit organization of consumers of traumatic brain injury services and their family members. The organization must be registered with the United States Internal Revenue Service under section 501(c)(3) as a tax-exempt organization and must have as its purposes:
- (1) the promotion of public, family, survivor, and professional awareness of the incidence and consequences of traumatic brain injury;
- (2) the provision of a network of support for persons with traumatic brain injury, their families, and friends;
- (3) the development and support of programs and services to prevent traumatic brain injury;
- 13.29 (4) the establishment of education programs for persons with traumatic brain injury; 13.30 and
 - (5) the empowerment of persons with traumatic brain injury through participation in its governance.
 - A patient's name, identifying information, or identifiable medical data must not be disclosed to the organization without the informed voluntary written consent of the patient or patient's guardian or, if the patient is a minor, of the parent or guardian of the patient.

- (d) The remainder of the surcharge must be credited to a separate account to be known as the remote electronic alcohol-monitoring program account. The commissioner shall transfer the balance of this account to the commissioner of finance on a monthly basis for deposit in the general fund.
- (e) When these fees are collected by a licensing agent, appointed under section 171.061, a handling charge is imposed in the amount specified under section 171.061, subdivision 4. The reinstatement fees and surcharge must be deposited in an approved depository as directed under section 171.061, subdivision 4.
- (f) A person whose driver's license has been revoked as provided in subdivision 1 under section 169A.52 or 169A.54 and who the court certifies as being financially eligible for a public defender under section 611.17, may choose to pay 50 percent and an additional \$25 of the total amount of the surcharge and 50 percent of the fee required under paragraph (b) to reinstate the person's driver's license, provided the person meets all other requirements of reinstatement. If a person chooses to pay 50 percent of the total and an additional \$25, the driver's license must expire after two years. The person must pay an additional 50 percent less \$25 of the total to extend the license for an additional two years, provided the person is otherwise still eligible for the license. After this final payment of the surcharge and fee, the license may be renewed on a standard schedule, as provided under section 171.27. A handling charge may be imposed for each installment payment. Revenue from the handling charge is credited to the driver services operating account in the special revenue fund and is appropriated to the commissioner.
- (g) Any person making installment payments under paragraph (f), whose driver's license subsequently expires, or is canceled, revoked, or suspended before payment of 100 percent of the surcharge and fee, must pay the outstanding balance due for the initial reinstatement before the driver's license is subsequently reinstated. Upon payment of the outstanding balance due for the initial reinstatement, the person may pay any new surcharge and fee imposed under paragraph (b) in installment payments as provided under paragraph (f).

14.29 ARTICLE 2 14.30 REPEAL OF CERTAIN MANDATORY SENTENCING PROVISIONS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 152.021, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. **Penalty.** (a) A person convicted under subdivisions 1 to 2a, paragraph (a),

may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than 30 years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$1,000,000, or both.

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15.1	(b) If the conviction is a subsequent controlled substance conviction, a person
15.2	convicted under subdivisions 1 to 2a, paragraph (a), shall be committed to the
15.3	commissioner of corrections for not less than four years nor more than 40 years and, in
15.4	addition, may be sentenced to payment of a fine of not more than \$1,000,000.
15.5	(e) In a prosecution under subdivision 1 involving sales by the same person in two or
15.6	more counties within a 90-day period, the person may be prosecuted for all of the sales in
15.7	any county in which one of the sales occurred.
15.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
15.9	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 152.022, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
15.10	Subd. 3. Penalty. (a) A person convicted under subdivision 1 or 2 may be sentenced
15.11	to imprisonment for not more than 25 years or to payment of a fine of not more than
15.12	\$500,000, or both.
15.13	(b) If the conviction is a subsequent controlled substance conviction, a person
15.14	convicted under subdivision 1 or 2 shall be committed to the commissioner of corrections
15.15	for not less than three years nor more than 40 years and, in addition, may be sentenced to
15.16	payment of a fine of not more than \$500,000.
15.17	(e) In a prosecution under subdivision 1 involving sales by the same person in two or
15.18	more counties within a 90-day period, the person may be prosecuted for all of the sales in
15.19	any county in which one of the sales occurred.
15.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
15.21	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 152.023, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
15.22	Subd. 3. Penalty. (a) A person convicted under subdivision 1 or 2 may be sentenced
15.23	to imprisonment for not more than 20 years or to payment of a fine of not more than
15.24	\$250,000, or both.
15.25	(b) If the conviction is a subsequent controlled substance conviction, a person
15.26	convicted under subdivision 1 or 2 shall be committed to the commissioner of corrections
15.27	for not less than two years nor more than 30 years and, in addition, may be sentenced to
15.28	payment of a fine of not more than \$250,000.
15.29	(e) In a prosecution under subdivision 1 or 2 involving sales or acts of possession
15.30	by the same person in two or more counties within a 90-day period, the person may be
15.31	prosecuted in any county in which one of the sales or acts of possession occurred.

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EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 152.024, subdivision 3, is amended to reach
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- Subd. 3. **Penalty.** (a) A person convicted under subdivision 1 or 2 may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than 15 years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$100,000, or both.
- (b) If the conviction is a subsequent controlled substance conviction, a person convicted under subdivision 1 or 2 shall be committed to the commissioner of corrections or to a local correctional authority for not less than one year nor more than 30 years and, in addition, may be sentenced to payment of a fine of not more than \$100,000.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 152.025, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

 Subd. 3. **Penalty.** (a) A person convicted under subdivision 1 or 2 may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both.
- (b) If the conviction is a subsequent controlled substance conviction, a person convicted under subdivision 1 or 2 shall be committed to the commissioner of corrections or to a local correctional authority for not less than six months nor more than ten years and, in addition, may be sentenced to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 152.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Deferring prosecution for certain first time drug offenders.** If
any person who has not previously participated in or completed a diversion program
authorized under section 401.065 or who has not previously been placed on probation
without a judgment of guilty and thereafter been discharged from probation under
this section is found guilty of a violation of section 152.024, subdivision 2, 152.025,
subdivision 2, or 152.027, subdivision 2, 3, or 4, for possession of a controlled substance,
after trial or upon a plea of guilty, and the court determines that the violation does not
qualify as a subsequent controlled substance conviction under section 152.01, subdivision
16a, the court may shall, without entering a judgment of guilty and with the consent of
the person, either (1) defer further proceedings and place the person on probation upon
such reasonable conditions as it may require and for a period, not to exceed the maximum
sentence provided for the violation. The court or (2) enter a written finding that states
substantial and compelling reasons why a deferral is inappropriate. For any other person
who is found guilty of a violation of section 152.024, subdivision 2; 152.025, subdivision

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2; or 152.027, subdivision 2, 3, or 4, for possession of a controlled substance, after trial or upon a plea of guilty, and the court determines that the violation does not qualify as a subsequent controlled substance conviction under section 152.01, subdivision 16a, the court may, without entering a judgment of guilty and with the consent of the person, defer further proceedings and place the person on probation upon such reasonable conditions as it may require and for a period not to exceed the maximum sentence provided for the violation. If the court grants a deferral, it may give the person the opportunity to attend and participate in an appropriate program of education regarding the nature and effects of alcohol and drug abuse as a stipulation of probation. Upon violation of a condition of the probation, the court may enter an adjudication of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided. The court may, in its discretion, dismiss the proceedings against the person and discharge the person from probation before the expiration of the maximum period prescribed for the person's probation. If during the period of probation the person does not violate any of the conditions of the probation, then upon expiration of the period the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against that person. Discharge and dismissal under this subdivision shall be without court adjudication of guilt, but a not public record of it shall be retained by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension for the purpose of use by the courts in determining the merits of subsequent proceedings against the person. The not public record may also be opened only upon court order for purposes of a criminal investigation, prosecution, or sentencing. Upon request by law enforcement, prosecution, or corrections authorities, the bureau shall notify the requesting party of the existence of the not public record and the right to seek a court order to open it pursuant to this section. The court shall forward a record of any discharge and dismissal under this subdivision to the bureau which shall make and maintain the not public record of it as provided under this subdivision. The discharge or dismissal shall not be deemed a conviction for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities imposed by law upon conviction of a crime or for any other purpose.

For purposes of this subdivision, "not public" has the meaning given in section 13.02, subdivision 8a.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 169A.275, subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. **Fourth offense.** (a) Unless the court commits the person to the custody of the commissioner of corrections as provided in section 169A.276 (mandatory penalties; felony violations), the court shall sentence a person who is convicted of a violation of

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- section 169A.20 (driving while impaired) within ten years of the first of three qualified prior impaired driving incidents to either:
- (1) a minimum of 180 days of incarceration, at least 30 days of which must be served consecutively in a local correctional facility;
- (2) a program of intensive supervision of the type described in section 169A.74 (pilot programs of intensive probation for repeat DWI offenders) that requires the person to consecutively serve at least six days in a local correctional facility; or
- (3) a program of staggered sentencing involving a minimum of 180 days of incarceration, at least 30 days of which must be served consecutively in a local correctional facility.
- (b) The court may order that the person serve not more than 150 days of the minimum penalty under paragraph (a), clause (1), on home detention or in an intensive probation program described in section 169A.74. Notwithstanding section 609.135, the penalties in this subdivision must be imposed and executed.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 169A.275, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **Fifth offense or more.** (a) Unless the court commits the person to the custody of the commissioner of corrections as provided in section 169A.276 (mandatory penalties; felony violations), the court shall sentence a person who is convicted of a violation of section 169A.20 (driving while impaired) within ten years of the first of four or more qualified prior impaired driving incidents to either:
- (1) a minimum of one year of incarceration, at least 60 days of which must be served consecutively in a local correctional facility;
- (2) a program of intensive supervision of the type described in section 169A.74 (pilot programs of intensive probation for repeat DWI offenders) that requires the person to consecutively serve at least six days in a local correctional facility; or
- (3) a program of staggered sentencing involving a minimum of one year of incarceration, at least 60 days of which must be served consecutively in a local correctional facility.
- (b) The court may order that the person serve the remainder of the minimum penalty under paragraph (a), clause (1), on intensive probation using an electronic monitoring system or, if such a system is unavailable, on home detention. Notwithstanding section 609.135, the penalties in this subdivision must be imposed and executed.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 169A.275, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Level of care recommended in chemical use assessment. Unless the court commits the person to the custody of the commissioner of corrections as provided in section 169A.276 (mandatory penalties; felony violations), in addition to other penalties required under this section, the court shall order a person to submit to the level of care recommended in the chemical use assessment conducted under section 169A.70 (alcohol safety program; chemical use assessments) if the person is convicted of violating section 169A.20 (driving while impaired) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.20 or more as measured at the time, or within two hours of the time, of the offense or if the violation occurs within ten years of one or more qualified prior impaired driving incidents.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 169A.276, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Mandatory prison sentence** conditional release period. (a) The court shall sentence a person who is convicted of a violation of section 169A.20 (driving while impaired) under the circumstances described in section 169A.24 (first-degree driving while impaired) to imprisonment for not less than three years. In addition, the court may order the person to pay a fine of not more than \$14,000.

- (b) The court may stay execution of this mandatory sentence as provided in subdivision 2 (stay of mandatory sentence), but may not stay imposition or adjudication of the sentence or impose a sentence that has a duration of less than three years.
- (c) An offender committed to the custody of the commissioner of corrections under this subdivision is not eligible for release as provided in section 241.26, 244.065, 244.12, or 244.17, unless the offender has successfully completed a chemical dependency treatment program while in prison.
- (d) (a) Notwithstanding the statutory maximum sentence provided in section 169A.24 (first-degree driving while impaired), when the court commits a person to the custody of the commissioner of corrections under this subdivision, it shall provide that after the person has been released from prison the commissioner shall place the person on conditional release for five years. The commissioner shall impose any conditions of release that the commissioner deems appropriate including, but not limited to, successful completion of an intensive probation program as described in section 169A.74 (pilot programs of intensive probation for repeat DWI offenders). If the person fails to comply with any condition of release, the commissioner may revoke the person's conditional release and order the person to serve all or part of the remaining portion of the conditional release term in prison. The commissioner may not dismiss the person from supervision

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before the conditional release term expires. Except as otherwise provided in this section, conditional release is governed by provisions relating to supervised release. The failure of a court to direct the commissioner of corrections to place the person on conditional release, as required in this paragraph, does not affect the applicability of the conditional release provisions to the person.

(e) (b) The commissioner shall require persons placed on supervised or conditional release under this subdivision to pay as much of the costs of the supervision as possible. The commissioner shall develop appropriate standards for this.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 169A.276, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Stay of mandatory sentence.** The provisions of sections 169A.275 (mandatory penalties; nonfelony violations), subdivision 3 or 4, and subdivision 5, and 169A.283 (stay of execution of sentence), apply if the court stays execution of the a felony <u>DWI offender's</u> sentence <u>under subdivision 1 (mandatory prison sentence)</u>. In addition, the provisions of section 169A.277 (long-term monitoring) may apply.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 243.166, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Criminal penalty.** (a) A person required to register under this section who knowingly violates any of its provisions or intentionally provides false information to a corrections agent, law enforcement authority, or the bureau is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), a person convicted of violating paragraph (a) shall be committed to the custody of the commissioner of corrections for not less than a year and a day, nor more than five years.
- (c) A person convicted of violating paragraph (a), who has previously been convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for violating this section or a similar statute of another state or the United States, shall be committed to the custody of the commissioner of corrections for not less than two years, nor more than five years.
- (d) Prior to the time of sentencing, the prosecutor may file a motion to have the person sentenced without regard to the mandatory minimum sentence established by this subdivision. The motion must be accompanied by a statement on the record of the reasons for it. When presented with the motion, or on its own motion, the court may sentence the

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21.1	person without regard to the mandatory minimum sentence if the court finds substantial
21.2	and compelling reasons to do so. Sentencing a person in the manner described in this
21.3	paragraph is a departure from the Sentencing Guidelines.
21.4	(e) A person convicted and sentenced as required by this subdivision is not
21.5	eligible for probation, parole, discharge, work release, conditional release, or supervised
21.6	release, until that person has served the full term of imprisonment as provided by law,
21.7	notwithstanding the provisions of sections 241.26, 242.19, 243.05, 244.04, 609.12, and
21.8	609.135.
21.9	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
	C 12 1244 201 CAR ON INCARCED ATION FOR FIRST TIME CUREDVICED
21.10	Sec. 13. [244.30] CAP ON INCARCERATION FOR FIRST-TIME SUPERVISED
21.11	RELEASE VIOLATIONS; EXCEPTION FOR SEX OFFENDERS.
21.12	(a) If the commissioner revokes the supervised release of a person whose release
21.13	on the current offense has not previously been revoked, the commissioner may order the
21.14	person to be incarcerated for no more than 90 days or until the expiration of the person's
21.15	sentence, whichever is less.
21.16	(b) This section does not apply to offenders on supervised release for a violation of
21.17	section 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, 609.3451, or 609.3453.
21.18	(c) The commissioner may order a person described in this section to be incarcerated
21.19	for more than 90 days if the commissioner determines that substantial and compelling
21.20	reasons exist to believe that the longer incarceration period is necessary to protect the
21.21	public.
21.22	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
21.23	Sec. 14. RERANKING OF FELONY DWI.
21.24	The Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines Commission shall consider reranking
21.25	violations of Minnesota Statutes, section 169A.24 (felony DWI) at severity level V or VI.
21.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
21.27	Sec. 15. REPEALER.
21.28	Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 152.026, is repealed.
21.29	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
21.30	ARTICLE 3
21.31	CHANGES TO CHALLENGE INCARCERATION AND CONDITIONAL

RELEASE FOR NONVIOLENT OFFENDER PROGRAMS; MINNCOR; FIREFIGHTER LICENSING; REPORTING CHANGES

22.3	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 3.195, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
22.4	Subdivision 1. Distribution of reports. (a) Except as provided in subdivision
22.5	4, a report to the legislature required of a department or agency shall be made, unless
22.6	otherwise specifically required by law, by filing one copy with the secretary of the senate,
22.7	one copy with the chief clerk of the house of representatives, and six copies with the
22.8	Legislative Reference Library. The same distribution procedure shall be followed for
22.9	other reports and publications unless otherwise requested by a legislator or the Legislative
22.10	Reference Library.
22.11	(b) A public entity as defined in section 16B.122, shall not distribute a report
22.12	or publication to a member or employee of the legislature, except the secretary of the
22.13	senate, the chief clerk of the house of representatives, and the Legislative Reference
22.14	Library, unless the entity has determined that the member or employee wants the reports
22.15	or publications published by that entity or the member or employee has requested the
22.16	report or publication. This prohibition applies to both mandatory and voluntary reports
22.17	and publications. A report or publication may be summarized in an executive summary
22.18	and distributed as the entity chooses. Distribution of a report to legislative committee
22.19	or commission members during a committee or commission hearing is not prohibited
22.20	by this section.
22.21	(c) A report or publication produced by a public entity may not be sent to both the
22.22	home address and the office address of a representative or senator unless mailing to both
22.23	addresses is requested by the representative or senator.
22.24	(d) Reports, publications, periodicals, and summaries under this subdivision must
22.25	be printed in a manner consistent with section 16B.122.
22.26	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 3.195, is amended by adding a subdivision to
22.27	read:
22.28	Subd. 4. Reports of criminal justice agencies; electronic versions only. (a) As
22.29	used in this subdivision, "criminal justice agency" means the Departments of Corrections,
22.30	Public Safety, and Human Rights; the Boards of Public Defense, Peace Officer Standards
22.31	and Training, Private Detective and Protective Agent Services, and Judicial Standards; the
22.32	Sentencing Guidelines and Uniform Laws Commissions; and the courts.
22.33	(b) A criminal justice agency that submits a report to the legislature under this
22.34	section shall do so by submitting an electronic version rather than a printed one.

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Notwithstanding subdivision 1, paragraph (a), and section 15.18, the agency need submit

S.F. No.	0802, 2nd Engrossme	nt - 86th Legislative Sessi	on (2009-2010)	[s0802-2]
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23.1	only one electronic copy to the Legislative Reference Library, the State Library, and the
23.2	Minnesota Historical Society. In addition, the agency shall submit one printed copy to
23.3	the Legislative Reference Library.
23.4	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 241.27, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:
23.5	Subd. 1a. Marketing plan. The commissioner of corrections, in consultation with
23.6	the commissioner of employment and economic development, shall develop, implement,
23.7	and maintain a formal marketing plan to attract private sector businesses and industries
23.8	and state and local government agencies to employ inmate services through MINNCOR
23.9	industries. The plan shall be reviewed and updated annually by the commissioner of
23.10	corrections.
23.11	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 241.27, is amended by adding a subdivision
23.12	to read:
23.13	Subd. 6. Reports and financial statements. MINNCOR shall include its full costs
23.14	for inmate wages and the money it receives from the department for inmate confinement
23.15	costs in its annual financial statements and reports. In addition, MINNCOR shall disclose
23.16	in its annual report how the money it receives from the department for inmate confinement
23.17	costs affects its profitability.
23.18	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 241.27, is amended by adding a subdivision
23.19	to read:
23.20	Subd. 7. Interactions with private businesses. (a) MINNCOR shall use revenue
23.21	contracts, not purchase orders, whenever it allows private businesses to use inmate labor.
23.22	(b) MINNCOR shall develop a uniform method to report sales and expenditure data
23.23	related to individual labor arrangements with private businesses. MINNCOR shall review
23.24	the data annually to assess how the arrangements, both individually and collectively, affect
23.25	MINNCOR's achieving its goals of high inmate participation in industry and profitability.
23.26	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 241.27, is amended by adding a subdivision
23.27	to read:
23.28	Subd. 8. Contracts; work on projects before and after. MINNCOR may not
23.29	begin work on a project until a contract has been signed and may not continue work
23 30	on a project after a contract has expired

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Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 244.055, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

24.1	Subd. 2. Conditional release of certain nonviolent controlled substance
24.2	offenders. An offender who has been committed to the commissioner's custody may
24.3	petition the commissioner for conditional release from prison before the offender's
24.4	scheduled supervised release date or target release date if:
24.5	(1) the offender is serving a sentence for violating section 152.021, subdivision 2
24.6	or 2a; 152.022 , subdivision 2 ; 152.023; 152.024; or 152.025 <u>, or serving a sentence for a</u>
24.7	nonviolent nondrug offense;
24.8	(2) the offender committed the crime as a result of a controlled substance addiction ,
24.9	and not primarily for profit;
24.10	(3) the offender has served at least 36 months or one-half of the offender's term of
24.11	imprisonment, whichever is less;
24.12	(4) the offender successfully completed a chemical dependency treatment program
24.13	of the type described in this section while in prison;
24.14	(5) the offender has not previously been conditionally released under this section; and
24.15	(6) the offender has not within the past ten years been convicted or adjudicated
24.16	delinquent for a violent crime as defined in section 609.1095 other than the current
24.17	conviction for the controlled substance offense or nonviolent nondrug offense.
24.18	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 244.055, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
24.19	Subd. 3. Offer of chemical dependency treatment. The commissioner shall offer
24.20	all offenders meeting the criteria described in subdivision 2, clauses (1), (2), (5), and (6),
24.21	the opportunity to begin a suitable chemical dependency treatment program of the type
24.22	described in this section within 160 days after the offender's term of imprisonment begins
24.23	or as soon after 160 days as possible. In making the determination under subdivision
24.24	2, clause (2), that the offender has a controlled substance addiction, the commissioner
24.25	shall consider the chemical dependency assessment completed at intake. In making
24.26	a determination that an offender is suitable for early release under this section, the
24.27	commissioner shall consider validated risk assessment tools such as the Level of Service
24.28	Inventory-Revised (LSI-R).
24.29	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 244.055, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
24.30	Subd. 5. Additional requirements. To be eligible for release under this section,
24.31	an offender shall sign a written contract with the commissioner agreeing to comply with
24.32	the requirements of this section and the conditions imposed by the commissioner. In
24.33	addition to other items, the contract must specifically refer to the term of imprisonment
24.34	extension in subdivision 6. In addition, the offender shall agree to submit to random drug

and alcohol tests and electronic or home monitoring as determined by the commissioner or the offender's supervising agent. The commissioner may impose additional requirements on the offender that are necessary to carry out the goals of this section.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 244.055, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

- Subd. 7. **Release procedures.** After consulting with the panel of judges created under subdivision 7a, the commissioner may deny conditional release to an offender under this section if the commissioner determines that the offender's release may reasonably pose a danger to the public or an individual. In making this determination, the commissioner shall follow the procedures contained in section 244.05, subdivision 5, and the rules adopted by the commissioner under that subdivision. The commissioner shall consider whether the offender was involved in criminal gang activity during the offender's prison term. The commissioner shall also consider the offender's custody classification and level of risk of violence and the availability of appropriate community supervision for the offender. Conditional release granted under this section continues until the offender's sentence expires, unless release is rescinded under subdivision 8. The commissioner may not grant conditional release unless a release plan is in place for the offender that addresses, at a minimum, plans for aftercare, community-based chemical dependency treatment, gaining employment, and securing housing.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 244.055, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
 - Subd. 7a. Panel of judges. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall appoint three retired judges to advise the commissioner of corrections on eligibility decisions made under this section. The Chief Justice shall determine the pay and expenses to be received by the panel. These costs must be paid by the commissioner of corrections.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 244.055, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 10a. Savings used for drug treatment. The commissioner shall use any
 savings realized from the early release of offenders under this section for chemical
 dependency treatment programs in state correctional facilities.

Sec. 13. [244.085] FELONY DWI REPORT.

By January 15 of each year, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees

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having jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and funding	g on the implementation and
effects of the felony level driving while impaired offense.	The report must include the
following information on felony level driving while impair	red offenses involving offenders
committed to the commissioner's custody:	
(1) the number of persons committed;	
(2) the county of conviction;	
(3) the offenders' ages and gender;	
(4) the offenders' prior impaired driving histories and	d prior criminal histories;
(5) the number of offenders:	
(i) given an executed prison sentence upon conviction	n and the length of the sentence;
(ii) given an executed prison sentence upon revocati	on of probation, the reasons
for revocation, and the length of sentence;	
(iii) who successfully complete treatment in prison;	
(iv) placed on intensive supervision following releas	e from incarceration;
(v) placed in the challenge incarceration program, th	e number of offenders released
From prison under this program, and the number of these	offenders who violate their
release conditions and the consequences imposed; and	
(vi) who violate supervised release and the conseque	ences imposed;
(6) per diem costs, including treatment costs, for off	enders incarcerated under the
felony sentence provisions; and	
(7) any other information the commissioner deems r	relevant to estimating future
costs.	
Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 244.17, is an	mended to read:
244.17 CHALLENGE INCARCERATION PROC	GRAM.
Subdivision 1. Generally. The commissioner may s	shall select offenders who
meet the eligibility requirements of subdivisions 2 and 3 t	o participate in a challenge
incarceration program described in sections 244.171 and 2	244.172 for all or part of the
offender's sentence if the offender agrees to participate in	the program and signs a written
contract with the commissioner agreeing to comply with the	he program's requirements.
Subd. 2. Eligibility. (a) Unless a person is ineligible	le under subdivision 3, the
commissioner must limit offer a bed in the challenge inca	rceration program to the
following persons:	
(1) offenders who are committed to the commissione	r's custody following revocation
of a stayed sentence; and	

27.1	(2) offenders who are committed to the commissioner's custody, who have 48
27.2	months or less in or remaining in their term of imprisonment, and who did not receive a
27.3	dispositional departure under the Sentencing Guidelines.
27.4	(b) If there is insufficient space for an eligible person, the commissioner shall place
27.5	the person's name on a waiting list and offer the person the chance to participate when
27.6	space becomes available.
27.7	Subd. 3. Offenders not eligible. (a) The following offenders are not eligible to be
27.8	placed in the challenge incarceration program:
27.9	(1) offenders who are committed to the commissioner's custody following a
27.10	conviction for murder, manslaughter, criminal sexual conduct, assault, kidnapping,
27.11	robbery, arson, or any other offense involving death or intentional personal injury; and
27.12	(2) offenders who were convicted within the preceding ten years of an offense
27.13	described in clause (1) and were committed to the custody of the commissioner-;
27.14	(3) offenders who have been convicted or adjudicated delinquent within the past five
27.15	years for a violation of section 609.485;
27.16	(4) offenders who are committed to the commissioner's custody for an offense that
27.17	requires registration under section 243.166;
27.18	(5) offenders who are the subject of a current arrest warrant or detainer;
27.19	(6) offenders who have fewer than 180 days remaining until their supervised release
27.20	date;
27.21	(7) offenders who have had disciplinary confinement time added to their sentence or
27.22	who have been placed in segregation, unless 90 days have elapsed from the imposition of
27.23	the additional disciplinary confinement time or the last day of segregation;
27.24	(8) offenders who have received a suspended formal disciplinary sanction, unless the
27.25	suspension has expired;
27.26	(9) offenders whose governing sentence is for an offense from another state or the
27.27	United States; and
27.28	(10) offenders who have a medical condition included on the list of ineligible
27.29	conditions described in paragraph (b).
27.30	(b) The commissioner of corrections shall develop a list of medical conditions that
27.31	will disqualify an offender from participating in the challenge incarceration program.
27.32	The commissioner shall submit the list and any changes to it to the chairs and ranking
27.33	minority members of the senate and house committees having jurisdiction over criminal
27.34	justice policy and funding.

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Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 244.172, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

28.1	Subdivision 1. Phase 1. Phase I of the program lasts at least six months. The
28.2	offender must be confined in a state correctional facility designated by the commissioner
28.3	at the Minnesota Correctional Facility - Willow River/Moose Lake or the Minnesota
28.4	Correctional Facility - Togo and must successfully participate in all intensive treatment,
28.5	education and work programs required by the commissioner. The offender must also
28.6	submit on demand to random drug and alcohol testing at time intervals set by the
28.7	commissioner. Throughout phase I, the commissioner must severely restrict the offender's
28.8	telephone and visitor privileges.
28.9	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 299N.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
28.10	Subd. 3. Powers and duties. (a) The board shall:
28.11	(1) review fire service training needs and make recommendations on training to
28.12	Minnesota fire service organizations;
28.13	(2) establish standards for educational programs for the fire service and develop
28.14	procedures for continuing oversight of the programs; and
28.15	(3) establish qualifications for fire service training instructors in programs
28.16	established under clause (2); and
28.17	(4) license full-time firefighters and volunteer firefighters under this chapter.
28.18	(b) The board may:
28.19	(1) hire or contract for technical or professional services according to section 15.061;
28.20	(2) pay expenses necessary to carry out its duties;
28.21	(3) apply for, receive, and accept grants, gifts, devises, and endowments that any
28.22	entity may make to the board for the purposes of this chapter and may use any money
28.23	given to it consistent with the terms and conditions under which the money was received
28.24	and for the purposes stated;
28.25	(4) make recommendations to the legislature to improve the quality of firefighter
28.26	training;
28.27	(5) collect and provide data, subject to section 13.03;
28.28	(6) conduct studies and surveys and make reports; and
28.29	(7) conduct other activities necessary to carry out its duties.
28.30	Sec. 17. [299N.03] DEFINITIONS.
28.31	Subdivision 1. Scope. The terms used in sections 299N.04 and 299N.05 have the
28.32	meanings given them in this section.
28.33	Subd. 2. Board. "Board" means the Board of Firefighter Training and Education
28.34	established under section 299N.02.

29.1	Subd. 3. Chief firefighting officer. "Chief firefighting officer" means the highest
29.2	ranking employee or appointed official of a fire department.
29.3	Subd. 4. Fire department. "Fire department" has the meaning given it in section
29.4	299F.092, subdivision 6. For purposes of sections 299N.04 and 299N.05, fire department
29.5	also includes a division of a state agency, regularly charged with the responsibility of
29.6	providing fire protection to the state or a local government, to include a private, nonprofit
29.7	fire department directly serving a local government, but does not include an industrial
29.8	fire brigade.
29.9	Subd. 5. Licensed firefighter. "Licensed firefighter" means a full-time firefighter,
29.10	to include a fire department employee, member, supervisor, or appointed official, who is
29.11	licensed by the board and who is charged with the prevention or suppression of fires within
29.12	the boundaries of the state. Licensed firefighter may also include a volunteer firefighter.
29.13	Subd. 6. Full-time firefighter. A "full-time firefighter" means a person who is
29.14	employed and charged with the prevention or suppression of fires within the boundaries of
29.15	the state on a full-time, salaried basis. Full-time firefighter does not include a volunteer,
29.16	part-time or paid, on-call firefighter.
29.17	Subd. 7. Volunteer firefighter. A "volunteer firefighter" means a person who is
29.18	charged with the prevention or suppression of fires within the boundaries of the state on
29.19	a volunteer, part-time, or paid, on-call basis. Volunteer firefighter does not include a
29.20	<u>full-time firefighter.</u>
29.21	Sec. 18. [299N.04] FIREFIGHTER CERTIFICATION.
29.22	Subdivision 1. Certification examination; requirements. (a) The board must
29.23	appoint an organization that is accredited by the International Fire Service Accreditation
29.24	Congress to prepare and administer firefighter certification examinations. Firefighter
29.25	certification examinations shall be designed to ensure competency in at least the following
29.26	areas:
29.27	(1) fire prevention;
29.28	(2) fire suppression; and
29.29	(3) hazardous materials operations.
29.30	(b) To receive a certificate, an individual must demonstrate competency in fire
29.31	prevention and fire suppression.
29.32	(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit any requirement imposed
29.33	by a local fire department for more comprehensive training.

30.1	Subd. 2. Eligibility for certification examination. Except as provided in
30.2	subdivision 3, any person may take the firefighter certification examination who has
30.3	successfully completed the following:
30.4	(1)(i) a firefighter course from a postsecondary educational institution, an accredited
30.5	institution of higher learning, or another entity that teaches a course that has been approved
30.6	by the board; or (ii) an apprenticeship or cadet program maintained by a fire department
30.7	employing the person that has been approved by the board; and
30.8	(2) a skills-oriented basic training course.
30.9	Subd. 3. Certain baccalaureate or associate degree holders eligible to take
30.10	certification examination. A person with a baccalaureate degree, or with an associate
30.11	degree in applied fire science technology, from an accredited college or university who
30.12	has successfully completed the skills-oriented basic training course under subdivision 2,
30.13	clause (2), is eligible to take the firefighter certification examination notwithstanding the
30.14	requirements of subdivision 2, clause (1).
30.15	Sec. 19. [299N.05] LICENSE REQUIRED.
30.16	Subdivision 1. Licensure requirement. A full-time firefighter employed on or after
30.17	July 1, 2011, by a fire department is not eligible for permanent employment without
30.18	being licensed as a firefighter by the board.
30.19	Subd. 2. Optional licensing. A volunteer firefighter may receive or apply for
30.20	licensure under this section and section 299N.04 under the same terms as full-time
30.21	firefighters.
30.22	Subd. 3. Prior appointment. A full-time firefighter or a volunteer firefighter who
30.23	has received a permanent appointment with a fire department prior to July 1, 2011, shall
30.24	be licensed by the board at the request of the firefighter upon providing the board with a
30.25	statement signed by the chief firefighting officer of the fire department that employs the
30.26	<u>full-time or volunteer firefighter.</u>
30.27	Subd. 4. Newly employed firefighters. Any full-time firefighter employed by a fire
30.28	department on or after July 1, 2011, must obtain a license from the board. To obtain a
30.29	license, an individual not covered by subdivision 3 must provide the board with a statement
30.30	signed by the chief firefighting officer of the fire department that employs the full-time
30.31	firefighter that the individual has met the certification requirements of section 299N.04.
30.32	Subd. 5. Issuance of license. The board shall license any individual who meets
30.33	the requirements of subdivision 3 or 4. A license is valid for three years from the date of
30.34	issuance, and the fee for the license is \$75.

31.1	Subd. 6. License renewal. A license shall be renewed so long as the firefighter and
31.2	the chief firefighting officer provide evidence to the board that the licensed firefighter has
31.3	had at least 72 hours of firefighting training in the previous three-year period. The fee for
31.4	renewing a firefighter license is \$75, and the license is valid for an additional three years.
31.5	Subd. 7. Duties of chief firefighting officer. It shall be the duty of every chief
31.6	firefighting officer to ensure that all full-time firefighters have a license from the board
31.7	beginning July 1, 2011. Each full-time firefighter, volunteer firefighter, and chief
31.8	firefighting officer may apply for licensure after January 1, 2011.
31.9	Subd. 8. Revocation; suspension; denial. The board may revoke, suspend, or
31.10	deny a license issued or applied for under this section to a firefighter or applicant if the
31.11	firefighter or applicant has been convicted of a felony recognized by the board as a crime
31.12	that would disqualify the licensee from participating in the profession of firefighting.
31.13	Subd. 9. Petty misdemeanor; discharge. A person who is employed as a full-time
31.14	firefighter and is not licensed under this section is guilty of a petty misdemeanor and must
31.15	be immediately discharged from employment.
31.16	Subd. 10. Fees. Fees collected under this section must be deposited in the state
31.17	treasury and credited to a special account and are appropriated to the board to pay costs
31.18	incurred under sections 299N.04 to 299N.05.
31.19	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 357.021, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
31.20	Subd. 6. Surcharges on criminal and traffic offenders. (a) Except as provided
31.21	in this paragraph, the court shall impose and the court administrator shall collect a \$75
31.22	surcharge on every person convicted of any felony, gross misdemeanor, misdemeanor, or
31.23	petty misdemeanor offense, other than a violation of a law or ordinance relating to vehicle
31.24	parking, for which there shall be a \$4 surcharge. In the Second Judicial District, the
31.25	court shall impose, and the court administrator shall collect, an additional \$1 surcharge
31.26	on every person convicted of any felony, gross misdemeanor, misdemeanor, or petty
31.27	misdemeanor offense, including a violation of a law or ordinance relating to vehicle
31.28	parking, if the Ramsey County Board of Commissioners authorizes the \$1 surcharge. The
31.29	surcharge shall be imposed whether or not the person is sentenced to imprisonment or the
31.30	sentence is stayed. The surcharge shall not be imposed when a person is convicted of a
31.31	petty misdemeanor for which no fine is imposed.

correct the record.

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(b) If the court fails to impose a surcharge as required by this subdivision, the court

administrator shall show the imposition of the surcharge, collect the surcharge, and

- (c) The court may not waive payment of the surcharge required under this subdivision. Upon a showing of indigency or undue hardship upon the convicted person or the convicted person's immediate family, the sentencing court may authorize payment of the surcharge in installments.
- (d) The court administrator or other entity collecting a surcharge shall forward it to the commissioner of finance.
- (e) If the convicted person is sentenced to imprisonment and has not paid the surcharge before the term of imprisonment begins, the chief executive officer of the correctional facility in which the convicted person is incarcerated shall collect the surcharge from any earnings the inmate accrues from work performed in the facility or while on conditional release. The chief executive officer shall forward the amount collected to the commissioner of finance court administrator or other entity collecting the surcharge imposed by the court.
- EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2009, and applies to surcharges collected by the chief executive officer of a correctional facility on or after that date.

Sec. 21. **REVIEW OF REPORTS.**

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The Sentencing Guidelines Commission and the Departments of Corrections
and Public Safety shall each review its reports for consolidation and may consider
consolidating any reports with other reports to achieve administrative convenience or
fiscal savings or to reduce the burden of reporting requirements.

Sec. 22. REPORT ON MINNCOR MARKETING PLAN.

By September 15, 2009, the commissioner of corrections shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house committees and divisions having jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and funding on the marketing plan required in Minnesota Statutes, section 241.27, subdivision 1a.

Sec. 23. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 2008, sections 244.055, subdivisions 6 and 11; 260B.199, subdivision 2; 260B.201, subdivision 3; and 325E.22, are repealed.

APPENDIX Article locations in s0802-2

ARTICLE 1	APPROPRIATIONS	Page.Ln 2.1
ARTICLE 2	REPEAL OF CERTAIN MANDATORY SENTENCING PROVISIONS	Page.Ln 14.29
	CHANGES TO CHALLENGE INCARCERATION AND CONDITIONALRELEASE FOR NONVIOLENT OFFENDER PROGRAMS; MINNCOR; FIREFIGHTER LICENSING;	
ARTICLE 3	REPORTING CHANGES	Page.Ln 21.30

APPENDIX

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: s0802-2

152.026 MANDATORY SENTENCES.

A defendant convicted and sentenced to a mandatory sentence under sections 152.021 to 152.025 and 152.0262 is not eligible for probation, parole, discharge, or supervised release until that person has served the full term of imprisonment as provided by law, notwithstanding sections 242.19, 243.05, 609.12, and 609.135. "Term of imprisonment" has the meaning given in section 244.01, subdivision 8.

244.055 CONDITIONAL RELEASE OF NONVIOLENT CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE OFFENDERS; TREATMENT.

Subd. 6. Extension of term of imprisonment for offenders who fail in treatment. When an offender fails to successfully complete the chemical dependency treatment program under this section, the commissioner shall add the time that the offender was participating in the program to the offender's term of imprisonment. However, the offender's term of imprisonment may not be extended beyond the offender's executed sentence.

Subd. 11. Sunset. This section expires July 1, 2009.

260B.199 PLACEMENT OF JUVENILE OFFENDERS AT MINNESOTA CORRECTIONAL FACILITY-RED WING.

- Subd. 2. **Report required.** (a) A court that places a child in an out-of-state facility shall report the following information to the Sentencing Guidelines Commission:
 - (1) the out-of-state facility the child was placed at and the reasons for this placement;
 - (2) the in-state facilities at which placement was considered;
 - (3) the reasons for not choosing an in-state facility;
- (4) the reasons why the child did not meet the established admissions criteria for the Minnesota Correctional Facility-Red Wing, if applicable; and
- (5) if the child met the admissions criteria, the reasons why the safety of the child or the safety of the community could not be met at the Minnesota Correctional Facility-Red Wing.
- (b) By February 15 of each year, the commission shall forward a summary of the reports received from courts under this subdivision for the preceding year to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees and divisions having jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and funding.

260B.201 MANDATORY COMMITMENT TO COMMISSIONER OF CORRECTIONS.

Subd. 3. **Report required.** A court ordering an alternative placement under subdivision 2, paragraph (c), shall report to the Sentencing Guidelines Commission on the placement ordered and the reasons for not committing the child to the custody of the commissioner of corrections. If the alternative placement is to an out-of-state facility, the report must include specific information that the safety of the child or the safety of the community can best be met by placement in an out-of-state facility or that the out-of-state facility is located closer to the child's home. By February 15 of each year, the commission shall summarize the reports received from courts under this paragraph for the preceding year and forward this summary to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees and divisions having jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and funding.

325E.22 PENALTY.

Any person violating the provisions of section 325E.21 shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.